

Central European Outlook for Chief Executive Officers CEO for CEOs

The catching-up process in the new Member States – Where do we stand?

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Budapest, 26 March 2008

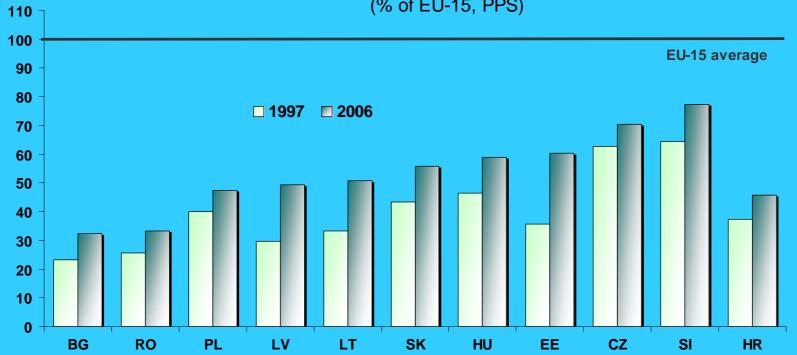


Successful catching-up

Growth and per-capita income figures indicate that catching-up has been successful

PER-CAPITA INCOME 1997-2006

(% of EU-15, PPS)





Stylized facts of successful real catching-up Phase I - Upwing

- Initially real expected rate of upturn has to be high
- In order to avoid overheating monetary policy has to be used, not fiscal policy
- Tight money in the upswing is necessary to
 - Contain inflation
 - Establish demand supply equilibrium
 - Help establishing inter temporal equilibrium
- Appreciation reduces import costs
- Current account deficit, covered by FDI, is a counterpart to fill the supply-demand gap.



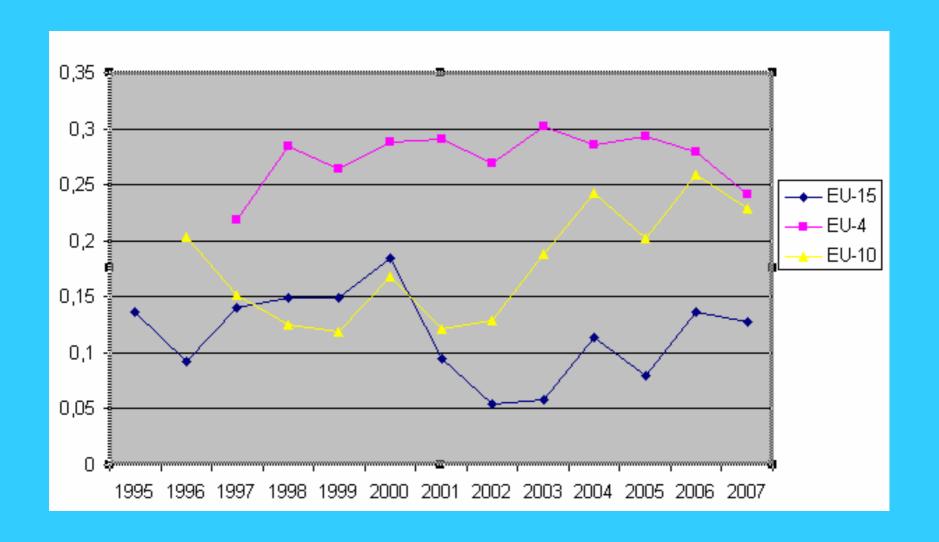
Stylized facts of successful real catching-up Phase II - Consolidation

- Higher investment increases the capital stock : Potential output rises
- Domestic supply approaches domestic demand
- The marginal real rate of return shrinks to the level of partner countries
- Monetary policy is gradually easing
- Net exports rising as exchange rate depreciates
- Current account moving towards a sustainable level



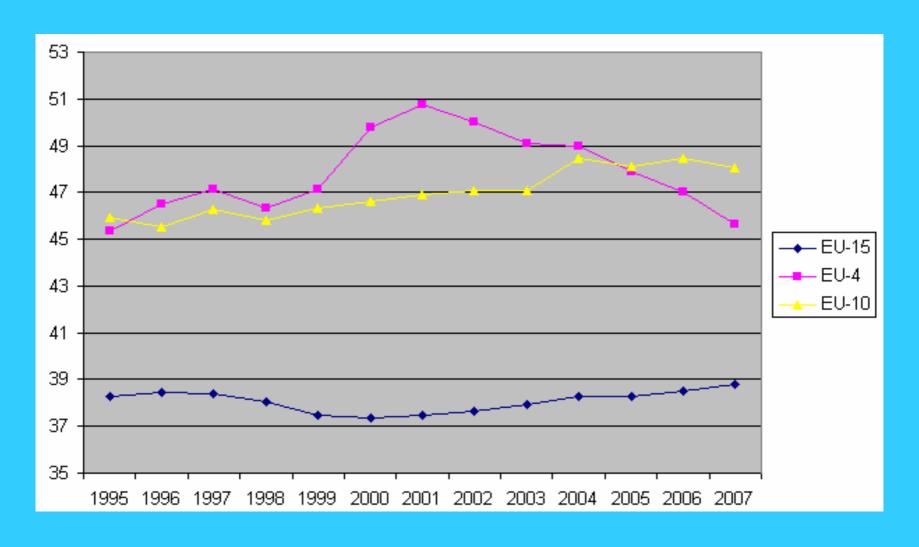
Marginal efficiency of capital -Total economy

Change in GDP at constant market prices per unit of gross fixed capital formation at constant prices





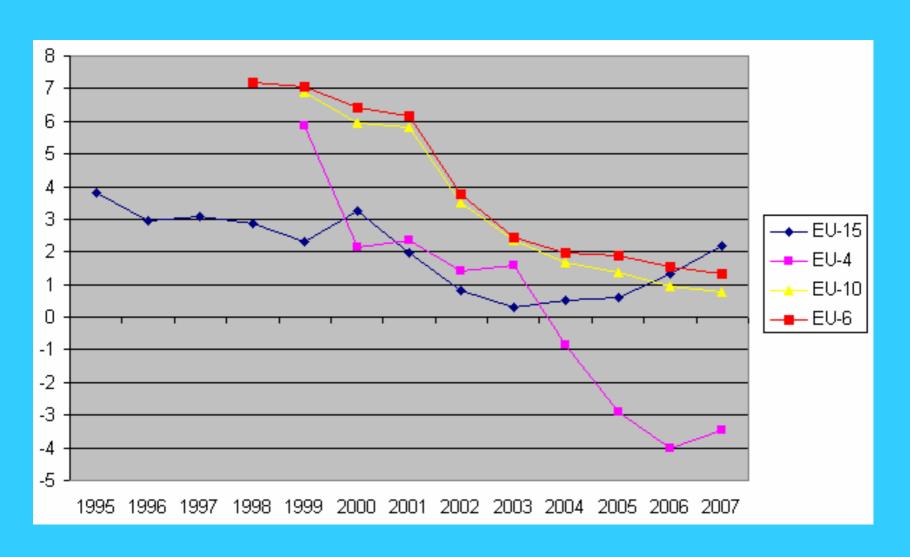
Gross operating surplus As % of GDP





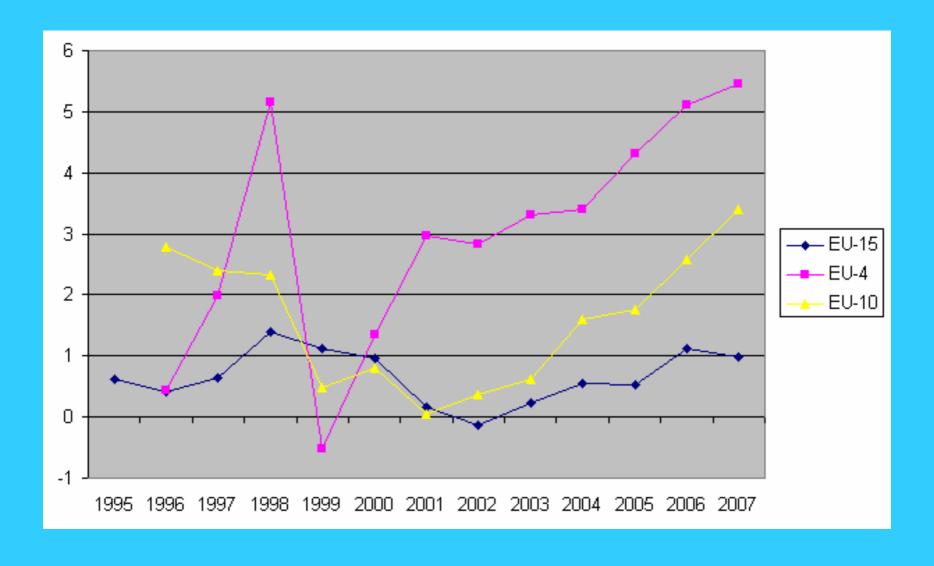
Real short-term interest rates

% of current account deficit



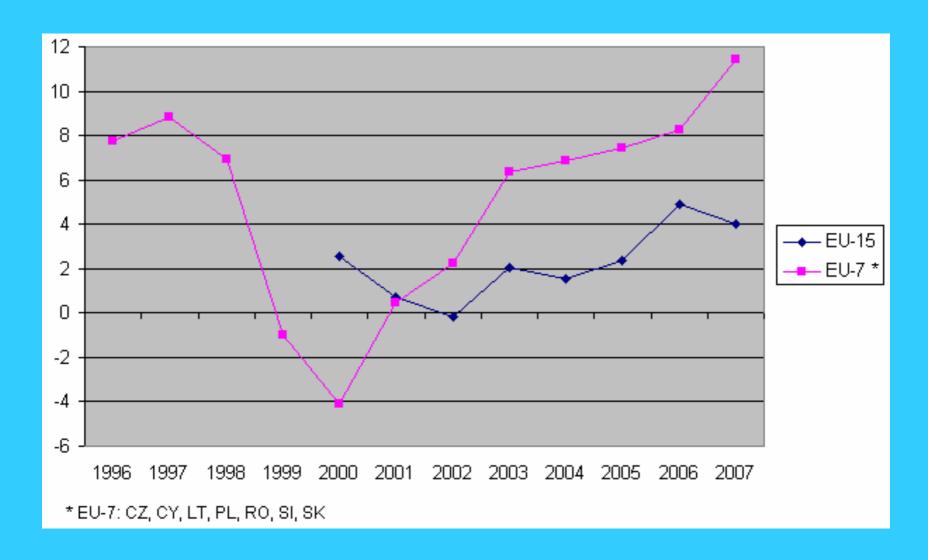


Investment – Contribution to GDP Growth



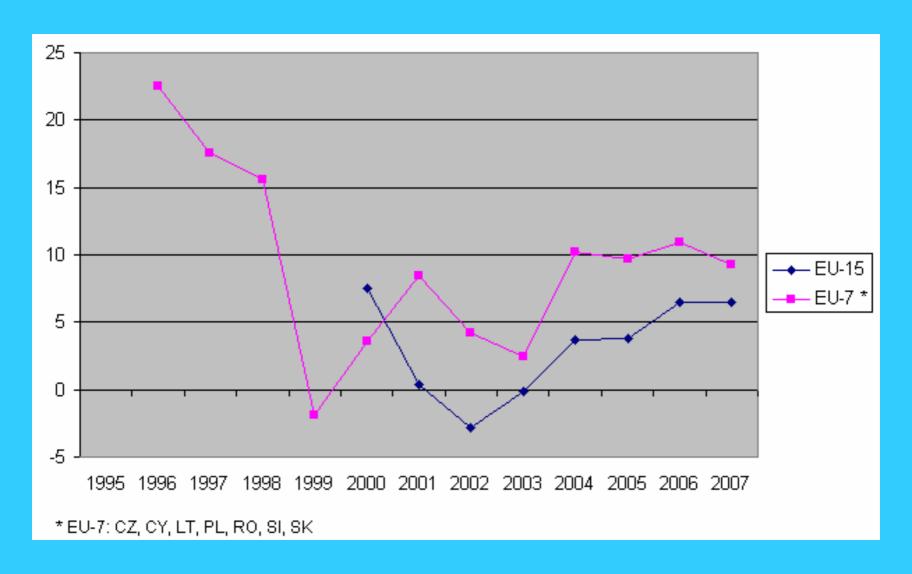


Investment in construction (y-o-y growth)



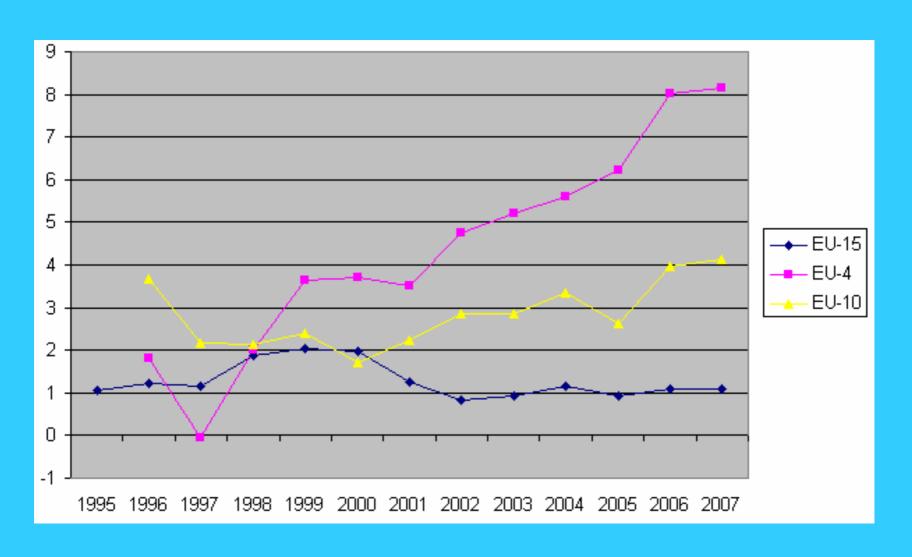


Equipment investment (y-o-y growth)





Private consumption – Contribution to GDP growth



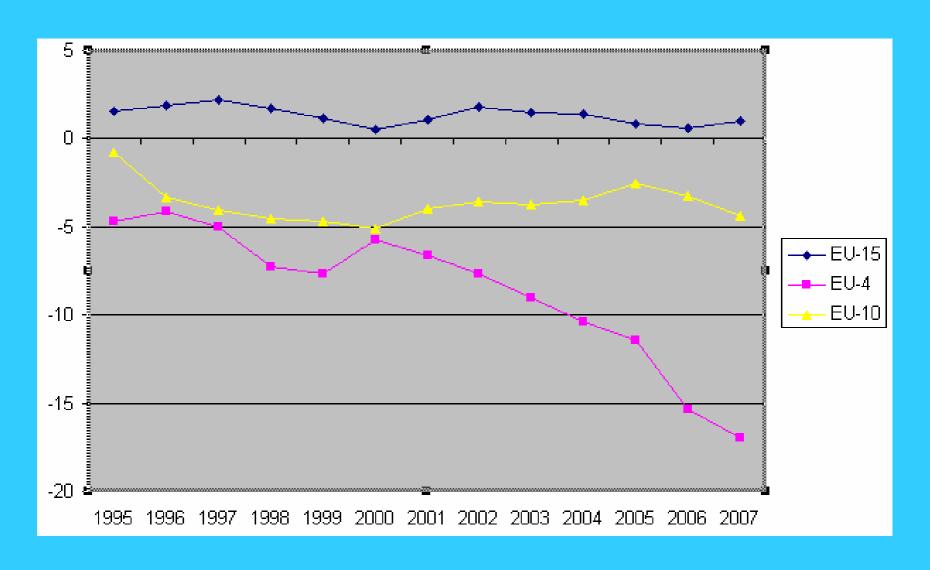


Net exports – Contribution to GDP growth



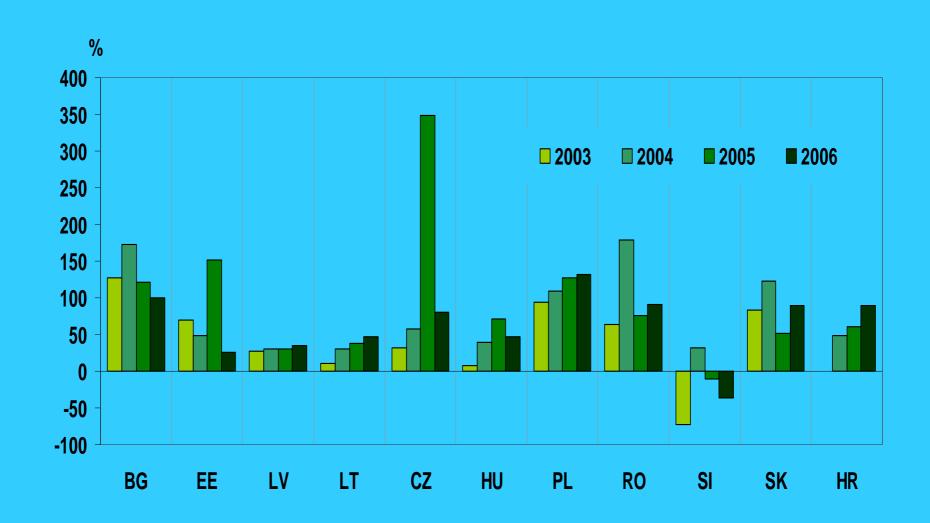


Current account balance % of GDP



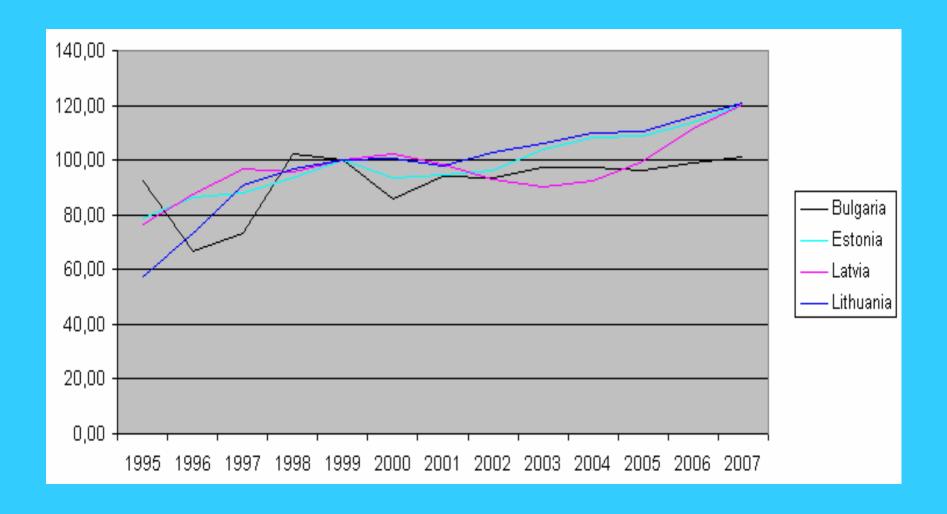


FDI% of current account deficit





Real effective exchange rate (ULC) (1999=100)





Real effective exchange rate (ULC) (1999=100)

